

BALI PLAN OF ACTION

2nd APEC OCEAN-RELATED MINISTERIAL MEETING
(AOMM2)

ASIA PACIFIC ECONOMIC COOPERATION (APEC)



- ∅ 21 member economies
- ∅ 45% world population (2.6 billions)
- ∅ 60% world GDP
- ∅ 47% world trade

- ∅ 75% of the world's capture fisheries
- ∅ 90% of world aquaculture production
- ∅ > 70% of global fish products consumption

AOMM2

Background:

“Seoul Ocean Declaration”

(1st AOMM, April 2002, Seoul)

- ∅ clarifies strategic ocean and coastal priorities across APEC economies
- ∅ provides elements for conservation and sustainable use of marine resources
- ∅ welcomes Indonesia’s offer to host 2nd AOMM

AOMM2

- ∅ Date:
16-17 September 2005, Bali
- ∅ Participants:
> 170 (from 20 economies and official guests)
- ∅ Involvement of APEC working groups:
 - § Fisheries Working Group (FWG)
 - § Marine Resource Conservation Working Group (MRCWG)
- ∅ Co-chairs:
 - § Minister of Marine Affairs and Fisheries, Indonesia
 - § Minister of Fisheries and Ocean, Canada

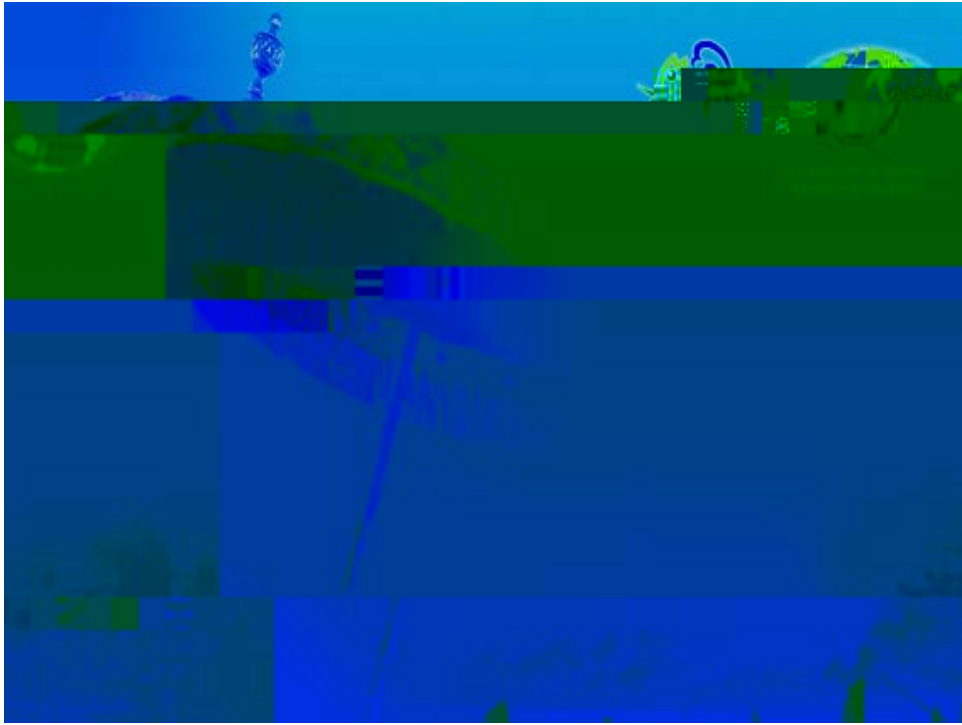


BALI PLAN OF ACTION

Theme:

**“Towards healthy Oceans and Coasts
for the Sustainable Growth and
Prosperity of the Asia-Pacific
Community”**

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- **Ensuring the sustainable management of the marine environment and its resources;**
 - **Providing for sustainable economic benefits from the oceans**
 - **Enabling sustainable development of**



Post-Natural Disaster Rehabilitation and Planning

It is important to ensure the swift rehabilitation and reconstruction of affected coastal communities and their economies, and build capacity to mitigate the impact of possible future events . Action to be taken (4):

- *Enhance the readiness of coastal communities for possible future tsunamis by increasing coordination with APEC Task Force on Emergency Preparedness and other relevant APEC fora, and increasing the use of expertise of the International Tsunami Information Center;*

Updates

- At the November 2005 APEC Summit in Busan, Leaders of APEC Member Economies endorsed the Bali Plan of Action;
- APEC Fora, in particular, the Marine Resource Conservation Working Group (MRCWG) and Fisheries Working Group (FWG) have agreed, to undertake an inventory of work done against the Bali Plan of Action and where possible, to identify ways to work closely on common priority issues, including: derelict fishing gear, marine invasive species, and aquaculture.