





- x CMM 2019-07 for Chub Mackerel
- x CMM 2019-08 for Pacific Saury
- x CMM 2017-09 for High Seas Boarding and Inspection Procedures
- x CMM 2019-10 for Sablefish
- x CMM 2019-11 for Japanese Sardine and Japanese Flying Squid
- x CMM 2019-12 on the Vessel Monitoring System (VMS)
- x CMM 2019-13 for the Compliance Monitoring Scheme

However, there are still a few more CMMs to be developed to strengthen compliance, such as a port inspection scheme to monitor and restrict landings and transshipment of IUU catches.

International Cooperation as a governance component of the ecosystem approach to fisheries is part of the NPFC mandate according to the Convention. For the conservation and management of fisheries resources and protection of marine biodiversity, NPFC has actively cooperated with other regional fisheries management organizations and relevant international organizations with similar mandates, including FAO ABNJ Deep-Sea Project, COFI, RSN, UN BBNJ, UNFSA, NPAFC, PICES, and WCPFC.

The level of the ecosystem approach to fisheries implementation by the NPFC is not comparable to that in other RFMOs, reflecting the fact that NPFC has been operational for only a few years. Although most target species and bycatch species and protection of VMEs have been addressed in the research plan, there are still gaps remaining for the assessment and monitoring of discards from fisheries, bycatch management, management of waste originating from fishing vessels, reducing catch by lost or abandoned gear, addressing social or economic component, risk assessments completed at either the vessel or industry level. Therefore, NPFC shall remain committed to implementing the ecosystem approach to fisheries through a stepwise approach based on research and operational plans already established.