

Intersessional Workshop on the  
conservation and Worka [Work 57 TO 60] (ervation) T 2 1 C In 5 J C O

Basics of marine genetic resources



Marine genetic resources in areas beyond national jurisdiction  
Clarifying terminology and constraining expectations

---

---

composed

°

A composed

[Marine microbiological research and possible applications](#) – [\[Speaking Notes\]](#)

Why should marine genetic resources be conserved?

---

[Requirements for marine resources and approaches for managing the future](#)

[Environmental aspects of marine genetic resources](#)







[Access to marine genetic resources: collecting organisms and facilitating samples and data](#)





[Marine genetic resources: benefit sharing and obstacles](#)



Appropriation of marine genetic resources through intellectual property rights

---

protecte0009 Tc 0.228 0 Td [(ye)7(ars)]23J /C2



Monitoring

[Global regimes on genetic resources: the Convention on Biological Diversity and the Nagoya Protocol](#)

---





[Regional regimes on genetic resources, experiences and best practices](#)

Scientific data about plankton ecosystems are key for decision making about high seas governance and monitoring

---

[Exchange of information on marine biodiversity research](#)

[Analysis on the scientific cooperation and research projects on the Tara Arctic and Tara Oceans expeditions as an innovative model for international scientific cooperation on marine biodiversity](#)

---

Addressing collective marine biotech and bioprospecting challenges: development, coordination and alignment of national, regional and pan European research strategies and programmes



Â%!mÑiCE¥Â &

