Mr. Chairman,

Den1ocratic People's Republic of Korea
PERMANENT MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS
820 Second /\venue, 13th Fioor. New York, NY 1 0017
rei: (21;!.} srt?•3iG5/:.~·\06 F-2.x: f~~1~!) 972-3154

STATEMENT

by Mr. Kim Yong Song
Counsellor, DPR Korea Mission to the UN (October 14, 2014)

Taking note of the report of the special committee on the Charter of the United Nations and ,n the Strengthening of the role of the Organization, the DPRK delegation would like to bring some issues related to strengthening of the role of the organization in accordance with the UN Charter.

The 70th year of founding the UN is nearing. However, the acts contradicting the UN
Charter still exist in the UN activities.

Important issues continue to be dealt by certain member states in their political objectives and interests particularly in the UN Security Council whose mandate is to maintain International peace and security under the UN Charter.

This has been proved by the critical and dangerous situation on the Korean peninsula creao'ed by the misconducts of the UN Security Council.

At present, the vicious cycle of aggravating tension on the Korean peninsula continues and the danger of breaking peace is very high.

The root cause of this prevailing situation rests with the US hostile policy towards the DPRK and the US-south Korea Joint Military Exercises in pursuit of their provocative purposes.

However, the Security Council turned its back towards our repeated demands to address this issue of suspending US-south Korea Joint Military Exercises and instead, it has que~tioned the DPRK's inevitable and defensive response to the US-south Korea Joint Military Exercises.

This is extremity of unfairness and double standard of the UN Security Council.

1

The .Joint Military Exercises of question serves as an aggressive and nuclear war exercises aimed at "Occupying PyongJang", the capital city of the DPRK.

The UN Security Council should accept our demands and address this cancer-like issue in order to ensure peace and security of the Korean peninsula.

Such reality shows once again the critical necessity of realizing democracy in the UN including the reform of the UN Security Council.

In this regard, my delegation is of the view that the Special Committee should review in legal terms whether Security Council live up to the UN Charter and