

(As delivered)

Mr. Chairman,

Let me begin by congratulating

<u>Second</u>, international cooperation plays a central role in our comprehensive efforts in countering terrorism. In this respect, my delegation would like to reiterate that the UN Global Counter-terrorism Strategy (UNGCTS) remains the universally-accepted framework of global cooperation in counter-terrorism.

We would like to highlight that the capacity of States is crucial in the full implementation the Strategy. Accordingly, Indonesia will continue to SOD\ DQ DFWLYH UROH LQ VWUHQJW-tentoQstrQJ 6WDV including through the Jakarta Centre for Law Enforcement Cooperation. The Centre has trained more than 15,000 officers from more than 70 countries, since its opening in 2004.

Indonesia also recognizes the imminent danger posed by foreign terrorist fighters, and the need for concerted international efforts to meet this new challenge. Based on this conviction, Indonesia co-sponsored Security Council resolution 2178, which elaborates measures to respond to foreign terrorist fighters.

Acceding to an accepted international legal framework, in our view, is also crucial in bridging cooperation among States. Indonesia is a party to some conventions pertaining to counter-terrorism, including the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism, to which Indonesia acceded in March this year.

Mr. Chairman,

Despite the rise of a terrorist group that calls **LWVHOI** ¶, **ViO DaqLF 6WD** and the Levant · or ISIL, my delegation would like to underline, once again, that terrorism cannot and should not be associated with any religion, nationality, civilization, or ethnic group.

ISIL has nothing to do with Islam. What it is doing is in extreme contravention of the teachings of Islam.

Indonesia has taken several measures to confront ISIL and its influence,