Mr. Chair,

I have the honor of speaking on behalf deorgia, the Republic of Moldov, and my own county, Ukraine.

The Charter of the United Nationshise main international treaty ith a universal character, aimed at guaranteeing international peaces excutity. We have recently celebrated 75 years ince the birth of the Charter aradlopted the Declaration of Commerciation by consensus, which reiterated the common endeavor for humanity is to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war and eaffirmed that the Charter of the United Nation lose ing the cornerstone of international law, has declared the principle of sovereign equality. States and respect of their territorial integrity.

Unlike previous years, nufortunately, this March, despite vigorous efforts by most of the delegations, no best antive Report was adopted by the Special Committee on the Charters some delegations

In these circumstances is imperative to also recall the provisions of the UN General Assembly Resolution A/RES/53/101 dated 20 January 1999, entitled *Principles and guidelines for international negotiations*, which states the following: Negotiations should be conducted in good faith; States should adhere to the mutually agreed framework for conducting negotiations; States Id endeavorto maintain a constructive atmosphere during orbitations and to refrain from any conduct which might undermine the negotiations and their progress.

Although Ukraine is exercising its inevitable right to selections in accordance with Article 51 of the UN Charter to repel Russiaggression and liberate its territories, it will not change its firm commitment to the rule of law, and will not turn from the path of using all available legal means obtained aggressor state accountable Today we are finalizing the text of the ESS thresolution, which will confirm the need for the establishment of an international mechanism for reparation for damage, loss or injury arising from the internationally wrongful acts of the Russian Federation in Ukraine.

Mr. Chair,

It is worth mentioning that what we see in Ukraine today is continuation of the same pattern of aggressive policy started in Georgia in the earlys 10090Ch continued with the fullscale military aggression against Georgia in 2008 and attempts to forcibly change theoreters of a sovereign state in Europened subsequent occupation of Georgian regions of Abkhazia and Tskhinvali region/South Ossetiany Russia

Against this background, Russia continues to exercise effective control over 20% of Georgia's territory and itsillegal military presence in Georgia's occupied regions, in parallel Russia intensifies annexation process of both regions, enhances installation of barbed wire fences and other artificial barriers along the occupation line, as well as continues illegizetentions and kidnappings of Georgian citizens, closure of the occupation line antitiction of freedom of movement that reates dire security, humanitarian and human rights situation on the ground.

In this light, our firm stance and ecisive joint efforts of international community, first and foremost of the UN, are essential effosure that Russia ceases its destructive actions against Georgia and the wider region and implements its international obligations envisaged by the UN Charter as well as Ediated 12 August 2008 Ceasefire Agreement.

NeverthelessGeorgia has been adhering to the policy of peaceful resolution of RussiaGeorgia conflict based on two main pillars de-occupation of the Georgian regions on the one hand, and reconciliation and confidence building between the communities divided by the occupation lines, on the, other underpinned by respect of international law and the UNrt@haFurthermore,

Georgiais committed to utilize every peaceful means adissposal as stipulated in the Article 33 of the UN Charter, including, inter alia, engagingegotiation

The United Nationssolid actions and decisions respond to the threat of international peace and security as vital as ever for the people of Ukraine, Georgia and the Republic of Moldova, who continue to face the threat feed s from the use of force against their sovereignty, tiiiiaG [()] v0ni(r)1as