Servizio per gli Affari giuridici, del Contenzioso diplomatico e dei Trattati Ufficio I

## Sixth Committee 77th Session of the General Assembly

## Agenda item n. 78- Report of the International Law Commission First Cluster Statement of Italy Delivered by Mr Stefano Zanini

Mr. Chairman/Madame Chair

In our intervention iiiiiiniiniiniini

Commission to the understanding of such a complex tolptic wever, we would avepreferred further clarification on the concept of <sup>3</sup> H Y L G leng, Findoré specifically on the individual assertions by States, as mentioned in the commentary ta norm is accepted and ecognized as one from which no derogation is permitted

As far asConclusion 8is concerned taly welcomes the inclusion of the constitutional provisions among the forms of evidence of acceptance and recognition listed under the conclusion in question. However, generally speaking commentary could have made a more remarkable reference to the constitutional provisions as interpreted and applied by the jurisprudence of constitutional courts. Such an approach would have had the advantage to takepriopter consideration the practice of different legal systems and the fundamental principles enshrined in the Constitution of various nations

In addressingPart Four and, more specificallyConclusion 22 and Conclusion 23, we partly appreciate the asoss behind the decision to elaborate a reach austive ist, given the possible future development in the recognition and assertion of orms of

Concerningdraft Principle 13, we would have seen with favothe elaboration in the Commentary of useful parameters and concrete examples that doewlood helpedspecify the definition of widespread, long term and sevelate mage

As to Part Three, regarding the principles applicable during armed conflicts, with respectate Principle 14, Italy particularly appreciates the application of the cardinal principles of humanitarian law with reference to the protection of environment. Regarding **iticpla**r the principle of precautions, Italy is of the view that the latter should be interpreted in such a way so as to ensure compliance with both the principle of prevention and the precautionary principle, which are at the core of international enviro