

STATEMENT

BY

0 V 1 D W D ã D â H E H Q L N 0 L Q, LL à gaw Adduis at the Preson Randent Mission D U \ of the Republic of Slovenia to the United Nations on

Agenda item &: Protection of persons in the event of disasters

79th sessionof the General Assembly Sixth Committee

New York, 4 October 2024

Mr Chair,

[Slovenia aligns itself with the statement delivered by the European Union and wishes to make a few additional remarks in its national capacity.]

Slovenia welcomes the decision to include the topic of Protection of persons in the event of disasters on the agenda of the Sixth Committee. This topic is both timely and crucial, as extreme weather events and natural disasters are increasingly threatening lives, infrastructure, and economies worldwide.

Slovenia has experienced first-hand the devastating effects of natural disasters. While it is fortunate to have abundant water resources, Slovenia is also faced with the potential destructive power of these resources, as demonstrated by catastrophic floods that hit our communities hard. These vulnerabilities emphasize the critical importance of both prevention and preparedness, and highlight the need for international cooperation in disaster risk management.

Slovenia believes that the balance between state sovereignty and international cooperation, as reflected in the Draft Articles, is essential. While states retain the sovereign right to manage their territory, the increasing frequency and intensity of disasters require a collective response.

The Draft Articles rightly focus on the protection of persons, and Slovenia encourages extending this framework to include the protection of the environment, property and cultural heritage, which are also at risk in disasters.

We welcome the focus on the needs of particularly vulnerable groups. Disasters often worsen existing inequalities, and it is important to give special attention to children, the elderly, and persons with disabilities.

The Draft Articles address both disaster response and risk reduction; but a stronger emphasis on precautionary measures and prevention could further strengthen this framework. Increased international collaboration on disaster risk reduction could help prevent future crises or reduce their negative impact. Slovenia would also like to

underline the	importance	of new	technologies	in monit	oring and	predicting	negative