

Introduction and Procedural History

1. On 26 June 2012 he Applicant, a former staff membeorf the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda (ICTR) filed an Application before the Dispute Tribunal challenging the decision not to renew his fixee of appointment beyond 31 December 2011 in (pugned decisio).

2. On 24 July 2012, the Respondent filed a Motion for Leave to Have Receivability Considered as a Preliminary Issineaddition to leave, the Respondent moved for the Application to be dismissed on ground sectivability. A Reply to the substantive Application wasse filed.

3. The Applicant was afforded the opportunity to respond to the Respondent's Motion, which Reply was filed on 2 April 2013.

4. Having reviewed the submissions of the Parties, the Tribunal coerditider necessary to first rule on whether the presemplitive presemplities adjudicating the matter on the merits.

5. On 5 August 2013, the Tribunal rendered its Judgment on Receivability (UNDT/2013/100) refusing the Respondent's motion to have this matter dismissed on grounds of receivability.

6.

8. As part of its completion sategy, ICTR established a Staff Retention Task Force (SRT) to advise the Registrar on the riteria for objectively compains 48 af Bi performing similar functions and to recommend the retention of staff based on those criteria. The SRTF 14. As a result of the retention exercise, the Applicant was identified for separation.

15. On 21 November 2011, the Chief of the SSU, Mr. Diakite, informed the Applicant that his fixederm appointmentwould not be renewed upon its expired and 31 December 2011

16. On 22 November 2011, the Applicant met with the Chief of ICTR Security, Mr. Samuel Akorimo, who informedhim that the functions of his post would be transferred toArusha and to a post at a lower lev(€S-4). When the Applicant requested transferto Arusha with the functions of his post, Mr.

transparent in accordance with the prinesplaid down in the Manyara Accord and in Circular 77".

22. The Applicant was notified of the Retention Review Committee's findings upholding his separation 13 March 2021.

Submissions

## Applicant

23. The Applicant submits that there wa(a) "wrongful application of the retention criteria," (b) unfair practice; (c) discrimination; (d) nepotism, and (e) irregular movement of posts.

24. Staff members who scored less than he did were to be extended beyond 31 December 2011.

25. In the 16 years he spent at the ICTR, **has** worked across almost all departments within SSS which makes him "fully multifunctional as far as the work of the section is concerned" Although he has been consistently appraised as frequently exceeding expectations and promoted for having been ago this job, he is the only person, amongst those who joined ICTR prior to 2002, to have not been retained.

26. As his post was "transferred to Arushah'e should have been given the opportunity to move with his post, even at a lower grade which the Applicanth willingly accepted to do.Furthermore, two officers on temporary posts were regularized at the **FS** and 4 levels without the Applicant being considered for those posts.

27. As to the suggestion that it would have been too costly to effect the move, the Applicant refers to two of his colleagues who were transferred from Arusha to Kigali

andvice-versa. The Applicant makes the point that this was not the first time he was subjected to unfair treatment. Similar treatment was meted out to him during a promotion exercise in 2009, which took the intervention of the Registrar to resolve.

28. Staff members on regular budget posts such as the Applicant were separated whereas those on temporary appointments were being retained. This was being done to "allow the friendsof certain officials to be kept on"

## Respondent

29. The decision not to renet the Applicant's contract was based on a retention exercise, properly conducted and over white Applicant presided.

30. The Applicant chaired the Retentionan Pel. He raised noobjection as to the propriety of the process. Nor did he contest the rating he had received when compared to the other PSSSecurity Lieutenant who was reviewed. It was not until it was clear that the outcome would not behim favor that he claimed that the oppress was unfair. This is not a credible claim.

31. Consistent with Information Circular No. 77, the Kigali retention exercise made "an objective comparative analysis of the staff performing similar functions to determine the number of staff and the needed petencies required for effective completion of the work of the Tribunal"

32. Contrary to the Applicant's claims, he and the comparator were both FS Security Lieutenants performing the same functions. That the Applicant was called an Operations Office and the comparator was called an Office Charge does not change their primary functions. The Operations Officer or OiC designations are meant only for organizational distribution of responsibilities. Those designations do not change the classified jobescription of Security Lieutenant.

33. The Applicant's and the comparator's PAS records demonstrate that they performed the same functions and that the Applicant was not the only Security Lieutenant responsible for daily operations, even though he was carl Operations Officer. The comparator's PAS record also shows that as the OiC of the ICTR Kigali Security and Safety Unit, his primary goal was to manage and administer the daily operations of the whole Unit in accordance with threated Nations Staff Regulations and Rules and relevant Standard Operating Procedures as required.

34. After being compared to3drfers as7(e).n(r)-22( S.52 Tm [( )] TJ ET Q q BT /F1 12 Tf 0 0 (

some spillover into the first half of 2012, and app**eats** be completed in 2014. To this end, the ICTR developed a set of staff retention criteria in 2007 whise d to identify the posts which were no longer required, and to compare competence and skills of staff performing similar functions.

39. The Applicant's contention is that the impugned decision is unlawful because the staff retention process, as applied to him, did not properly take into account his length of service and senior retained. The Applicant also claims that his separation Personnel A((frok)) notification contained an incorrect post number, which he claimas "a clear indication that the docome of the retention exercise was preembled lacing [him] against an Arusha temporary post without [his] knowled ge ...

44. The Tribunal finds that in making all of these broad assertions and allegations, the Applicant has provided no evidence that **Retention** Panel made decisions based on the type of funding for a specific position as he alleges. The criteria for retention were specifically set out and the type of funding was not one of them.

45. Given that the Applicant chaired the anel which assessed maiagainst the criteria for retention, it would be reasonable to expect him to have cried foul over the inclusion of a random criterion in addition to those specifically osset during

[t] he Applicant's post number did not change between January 2011 and December 2011, as he alleges. The PA extending the Applicant's appointment on January 1, 2011 indicates a post number of 23674 and a BIS post number of TUA03911TS S0007<sup>7</sup>. The PA issued upon his separation indicates the same post number 23674 with a BIS post number of TUA039911TS S0028. The post number, not the BIS indicates the post. The BIS post number merely relates to the budget for the post. Therefore, Applicant's contention that he was separated under a different post than his Kigali FS5 post is incorrect.

49. The Tribunal is also unable to properly examine the Applicant's claims of nepotism, discrimination and unfair treatment because no evidence has been adduced by the Applicant to demonstrate that those elements were meted out against him.

50. The Tribunal finds no impropriety in the Respondent's application of the staff retention criteria in respect of the Applicant.

51. The Application is therefore dismissed.

(signed)

JudgeVinod Boolell

Dated this14<sup>th</sup> day of February2014

Entered in the Register on this day of Februar 2014

(signed)

Abena KwakyeBerko, Acting Registrar, UNDT, Nairobi

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Respondent's Annex 12.