

Original: English

Introduction

1. The Applicant, a staff member in the Internal Oversight Services, contestsh(ii) end-of-year performance appraisal for the evaluation period ending on 31 Maar 2013; and (ii) the decision of the rebuttal panel following his complaint regarding the content of his performance appraisal.

Relevant background

2. On 23 July 2013, the Applicant submitted a rebuttal of his annual appraisal report for the year endioning 31 March 2013. On 23 September 2013, he received the report of the Rebuttal Panel whichfound "that the procedure prescribed in [sec.] 10.1 of the [SAT/2010/5 (Performance Management and Development System)] regarding idlieying and addressing performance shortcomings were generally complied with".

3. On 30 September 2013, in compliant with the applicable deadline, the Applicant requested management weater of the findings of the Rebuttal Panel. On 21 February 2014, the Magement Evaluation Unit ("MEU"), Department of Management, responded the Applicant's request by stating that it was not receivable as it did not constituent eviewable administrative decision.

4. On 22 May 2014, the Applicant filed shapplication with the Tribunal and, on 5 June 2014, the Respondent fileer diotion for leave to file a reply limited to receivability. As part of bi motion, the Respondent submitted that the Applicant was not contesting a revie weated ministrative decision and that he did not meet the 90-day time limit to fileen appeal in accordance with art. 8.1(d) of the Dispute Tribunal's Statute.

Applicant's response to the Respondent's reply

5. By Order No. 135 (NY/2014), dated 6 June 2014, the Tribunal ordered the Applicant to file a reponse to the Respondent's contentions on receivability.

6. On 13 June 2014, the Applicant filedetfollowing response in relation to the two issues identified, namely:

Whether his claim concerned an administrative decision

a. The Applicant submits that the Respondent's argument that only administrative decisions that stefnom any final performance appraisal may be appealed and not the decision **ce** buttal panel itself would be to deny a staff member access to the Tribunal;

b. Furthermore, there were a seriouf slinked decisions that have had a very serious and damaging effect on the Applicant's career. These included the issuance of a Performover number of the provident of the series and a rebuttal panel that did not carry adequate investigations into the matters before it. Finally, the Applicant submits that it would be fundamentally unjust if they could not challenged before the Tribunal;

Whether his application is time-barred

c. The Applicant submits that he notice be penalized for the MEU being dilatory in its obligation to cooply with the relevant time limit to respond to his request;

d. He was complying with General Assembly resolution 62/228 whereby the Assembly emphasized that possible steep be taken to avoid unnecessary litigation, and the portance of avoiding frivolous litigation;

e. *Neault* 2013-UNAT-345 did not addresthe situation such as the present where (i) the delay the part of the MEU exceed **0** days,

and (ii) the MEU had repeatedly infoered the Applicant that a response to his request was imminent;

f. The Respondent should be estopped from seeking to rely on the MEU's failure in taking 153 days tootify him of their decision that his claim was not receivable.

7. The question for decision by the Tribunal regarding the timely filing of the claim is not whether the MEU was dilatory in its response but whether the Applicant complied with the necessary deadlines under the Tribunal's Statute and Rules of Procedure. If the Tribungere to find that the claim was not time-barred it will then consider whether the **issa**ised is a contestable administrative decision within the meaning of attent (a) of the Tibunal's Statute.

Considerations

8. Article 8.1 of the Statute of the Dispute Tribunal proofers, insofar as it is relevant to this case, that an applicationall be receivable if it is filed within the following deadlines:

Article 8

1. An application shall be receivable if:

...

(d) The application is filed within the following deadlines:

(i) In cases where a management evaluation of the contested decision is required:

a. Within 90 calendar days of the applicant's receipt of the response by management to his or her submission; or

b. Within 90 calendar days **the** expiry of the relevant response period for the managementaluation if no response to the request was provided. The response period shall be 30 calendar days after the submission of the the cision to management evaluation

for disputes arising at Headquest and 45 calendar days for other offices;

9. Article 7.1 of the Rules oProcedure of the Dissute Tribunal states as follows (emphasis added):

Article 7 Time limits for filing applications

. . .

1. Applications shall be submitted to the Dispute Tribunal through the Registrar within:

(a) 90 calendar days of threceipt by the applicant of the management evaluation, as appropriate;

(b) 90 calendar days of the relevant deadline for the communication of a responsto a management evaluation, namely, 30 calendar days for disputesistarising at Headquarters and 45 calendar days for disputesistarg at other offices; or

5. In exceptional cases, an paplicant may submit a written request to the Dispute Tribunal seeking suspension, waiver or extension of the time limits referred to in article 7.1 aboveSuch request shall succinctly set other exceptional circumstances that, in the view of the applicant, stuify the request. The request shall not exceed two pages in length.

10. The Dispute Tribunal and the UndeteNations Appeals Tribunal have consistently stressed the importanceconfinplying with statutory deadlines which is paramount to ensuring certainty and texpeditious disposal of disputes in the workplace.

11. Staff rule 11.2(d) states that the etcome of the management evaluation shall be communicated in writing to the staff member within 30 calendar days of receipt of the request for management weated if the staff member is stationed in New York. Further, under staff rule 1 (a), a staff member has the option to file an application before the DispetTribunal within 90 calendar days from

evaluation or from the date of expiration the deadline specified under staff rule 11.2(d), whichever is earlier.

12. The Applicant was stationed in WeYork. He filed his request for management evaluation on 30 September 2013. The 30-day period for a response by the MEU expired on 30 October 2013. Since there was no decision by the MEU within this period of 30 days, therefore there period of 90 days for filing an application with the Tribunal expideon 28 January 2014. The application was filed on 22 May 2014.

13. In *Neault* 2013-UNAT-345, the Appeals Tribah dealt with a specific situation whereby the deadative file an application before the Dispute Tribunal may be reset. The Appeals Tribunal ruthedt "when the management evaluation is received after the deadline of 45 calendar daays before the expiration of 90 days for seeking judicial review the receipt of the management evaluation will result in setting a new deadline for sienegkjudicial review before the [Dispute Tribunal]" (emphasis added).

14. In his response to the Responde **m** istion on receivability, the Applicant accepts that the MEU's response was well beyond the MEU statutory deadline of 30 October 2013 and **m** agone full month beyond the 90-day deadline of 28 January 2014 for the filing hois application before the Tribunal. Consequently, the applicable time limits the filing of his application were not reset within the meaning of the palaeals Tribunal's jurisprudence *Meault*.

15. The Applicant submits that the specondent should be estopped from relying on the MEU's own inaction to result in right to formulate an appeal before the Tribunal. He further subten that considering that there was a possibility that the matter vould be resolved by the MEU, it would be a waste of resources for him to have filed an **epa** basent a final resolution of the MEU process.

16. In *Costa* 2010-UNAT-036, the Appeals Tribunal ruled that art. 8.3 of the Statute of the Dispute Tribunal proceedes the Tribunal from waiving the time limits for requests for management evaluate. Article 8.3 states that the Tribunal may only, in exceptionalcases and upon receiving written request by an applicant, suspend or waive for aiterd period of time the deadline by which an application has to be filed beforeFiturther, art. 7.5 of the Dispute Tribunal's Rules of Procedure states that wheresented with an exceptional case, an applicant's "written request to the spute Tribunal seekinguspension, waiver or extension of the time limits ... shall succinctly set out the exceptional circumstances that, in the view tobe applicant, justify the request".

17. The Applicant did not file a written **queest** that the applicable time limits be suspended pending his receipt of a response from the MEU, nor did he, upon receiving the MEU's response and priorfilling his appeal, file a request that the time limits be waived. As to whether Tribunal would have considered that exceptional circumstances existed to warsard an order is not material to this issue. The fact is that no such respuess made. The Applicant was required, under staff rule 11.4(a), to file his appartizon before the expiry of the requisite time limit of 28 January 2014. He did not do so.

18. The Tribunal finds that the Appipant has provided no exceptional circumstances warranting a suspension/wara/extension of time for the filing of his application. Accordingly, the Tonunal has no jurisdiction to consider the claim.

19. In the circumstances, the Tribunal does not consider it necessary to deal with the alternative argument that the plicant's claim is not a contestable administrative decision.

Judgment

20. The application is not reoverible and is dismissed.

(Signed)

Judge Goolam Meeran

Dated this 19 day of June 2014

Entered in the Register on thisth1@ay of June 2014

(Signed)

Hafida Lahiouel, Registrar, New York