UNModel Update 2011

Rome 30 January 2013

 Threshold differences between the two Models result in the 2011 UN Model preserving more taxing rights to source countries compared to the 2010 OECD Model

- The 2011 UN Model retains a "services permanent establishment" provision in article 5(3)(b), while the 2010 OECD Model has no similar rule
- Under the 2011 UN Model, a PE exists if a non-resident enterprise "furnishes" services through employees in the source country for more than 183 days in any 12-month period in respect of "the same or a connected project"

- The Commentary on Article 5 of the 2011 UN Model has been substantially updated in many ways (often in line with the OECD Commentary, including by addressing issues where negotiating parties wish to delete article 14 and rely on articles 5 and 7 instead
- The Commentary now includes a full alternative provision for these parties which also deals with services performed by individuals
- Threshold test for individuals is not the same as the OECD alternative as there is no income test.

- Remainder of the paragraphs emainthe samewith the thresholdtest of 6 months or 183 days being the norm.
- Differences emain with regard to "delivery" in respectof both paragraph and the dependentagent provision.

BusinesProfits

- Avoids the difficulty of assuming hypothetical flows within a single legal body and having to give deductions for notional flows, without having the right to tax those flows
- Avoids the complexity of the OECD Article a broader concern that developing countries tend to disproportionately suffer from complex "solutions" to perceived problems

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- Main differencesin approach
 - Generalrecognitionof internal services arm's length prices
 - Recognition internal royalties
 - Recognitiom internal interest dealing outside the financial sector
 - Deletion of Articles 7(4) and (5)
 - Focus remains on April 62,7/5 T, Di 4/6TT2 1i1.to 3.tal/TT1T1T1T1T1

InternationalTransport

- OECQusesthe term "ancillary" asopposedto "auxiliary" in the UNCommentary. Thereis possiblynot a great difference between the terms
- However,manyexamplesin the UN Commentaryare the sameor similar to the OECDapproach
- Issue to be discussed by the new Committee.