

government approach through the newly formed Durable Solutions Secretariat at the national level as well as similar structures at the state and municipal levels.

Somalia has also adopted an impressive array of new policies, including the National Policy on Refugee-

Similar commitments and stronger involvement by donors are crucial to ensuring that Somalia can reach the second milestone in this process and build

The Durable Solutions Unit, a national entity that covers the whole of Somalia, was established in November 2018 under the Ministry of Planning, Investment and Economic Development to strengthen

documents are adopted by the Council of Ministers, they commit relevant government institutions to its implementation.

On 26th November 2019, Somali President Mohamed Abdullahi Mohamed, signed the Kampala Convention, after being passed with a near-unanimous vote by parliament. Somalia is the 30th African Union Member State to ratify the convention since 2009. Somalia officially deposited on March 6th, 2020, the Instruments of Ratification of the African Union Convention for the Protection of Internally Displaced Persons “the Kampala Convention” to the African Union Commission in Addis-Ababa (Ethiopia), according to the African Union standard procedures.

The Government has now taken up the challenge to turn these provisions into legislation and into tangible improvements in the rights and wellbeing of IDPs across Somalia.

Additional policy tools that create an enabling environment for durable solutions and the Government work on internal displacement are the National Development Plan (NDP9 2020 - 2024), the Social

is an online portal [Aid Information Management System](#) that enables partners to share data on development and humanitarian aid flows for Somalia. Its aim is to help make aid more effective by increasing transparency, accountability and coordination. As a publicly accessible online platform the AIMS provides a tool for increased transparency of aid flows for Somalia. Any updates to the data are available to the public in real time. AIMS data will help improve accountability, coordination, evidence-based planning, monitoring and evaluation, and aid effectiveness.

Local District Councils, supported by the Ministry of Interior Reconciliation and Federal Affairs and its partners, have advanced in Somalia the discussion regarding sustainable service delivery in municipalities.¹² Local governments in Somaliland and Puntland, supported by the State Ministries of

secondary displacement, as well as in the response and assistance to affected groups when disasters strike.¹⁴



For the Government to use the Community Action Plans (CAPs) as a rallying point and foundation for reconciliation efforts, particularly in sectors that are important for displaced

