

### STATEMENT BY ITC EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

# SESSION 1 - MINISTERIAL DIALOGUE ON LESSONS LEARNED IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE IPOA – CHALLENGES ENCOUNTERED AND THE WAY FORWARD

### FROM 30 AUGUST TO 2 SEPTEMBER 2021

## ORGANIZED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF BANGLADESH, UN-OHRLLS AND UN-ESCAP

30 AUGUST 2021

PAMELA COKE HAMILTON EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR Honourable Ministers, Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen.

Let me, first of all, take the opportunity to congratulate my friend, countryman and colleague on this appointment as Under Secretary General and High Representative for the UNOHRLLS.

The Asia-Pacific Region is now at a pivotal moment in its development. Ten years ago, 13 out of 47 LDCs were from this region. Today, we can jointly celebrate the graduation of 3 countries: Maldives, Samoa and just last December, Vanuatu, a country that accomplished this feat, a mere 8 months after being hit by a Category 5 cyclone. Moreover, 10 Asia-Pacific LDCs have met the criteria for graduation. This is a critical achievement which embodies the clarion call at the heart of the 2030 Agenda *to leave no one behind*.

While we celebrate the wins, we are cognisant of the challenges which remain for LDCs, as they battle socio-economic devastations fueled by the pandemic, climate change and conflicts.

Just 2 weeks ago, Haiti, a stone's throw away from my home country Jamaica, suffered a devastating 7.2 magnitude earthquake. A few days later, Tropical Storm Grace added to the destruction. While not in the Asia-Pacific Region, this example of a Caribbean LDC, reflects the real risks and challenges that exist. I urgently appeal to the international community to step up its efforts in the wake of such destruction.

Only 1 month ago, I delivered remarks at the WTO High-Level Session to commemorate Afghanistan's 5<sup>th</sup>

worked closely to build the trade capacity with the Afghan government over several years, our hearts are deeply moved with concern over what has unfolded over the last 2 weeks. These 2 examples show us how easily progress in LDCs can be overturned.

#### **ITC's Support to Asia-Pacific LDCs**

UNCTAD's analysis on LDCs' trade flows in 2020 paint a picture of the challenges LDCs continue to encounter. While global exports declined by 7.7% in 2020, trade exports in LDCs declined by 10.3%.

Our commitment as the ITC is to ensure that LDCs can leverage trade as a powerful driver of economic growth and sustainable development. Our thrust within the Asia-Pacific Region has been centered around strengthening the export sector, building the local capacity of MSMEs to integrate into global value chains and boosting their competitiveness.

Your Excellency, Dr. Momen, as you know, ITC has been a long-standing

As a trusted partner with governments in this region, we understand that there are concerns related to graduating, especially in an unfavourable global climate. We appreciate that the loss of some international support measures can be intimidating which has guided our work in preparing LDCs for the graduation process.

Allow me to share one example with you. Upon graduation, Lao PDR will no longer be eligible to export under the unilateral preferential tariff schemes, that 23 markets around the globe have in place for LDCs. While this implies estimated trade losses of \$108 million, our export potential methodology indicates that their export products affected by the tariff increase, have an unrealized trade potential worth \$52 million in the same group of markets and \$1.2 billion in other markets. But collective support is needed to help them achieve this.

#### Working Together for private sector & export led growth in the LDCs

Our work in this region repeatedly points to the need for specialised support to MSMEs throughout the graduation process. We need a strategic roadmap to help LDCs to double their share of global exports; a missed SDG Target in 2020 but one that can be achieved in the future with concerted efforts.

Private sector led growth requires all hands-on deck: governments, development partners, civil society, and international organisations.

Public-private dialogue is key. I implore Ministers to ensure the involvement and sensitisation of the private sector in the transition process.