- 1. Government designated National Focal Points (NFPs) and representatives of the Small Island Developing States (SIDS) met in Praia, Ca o ! erde, on "# to "\$ %&I' "(1), ahead of the *+th session of the , nited Nations General ssem I' and . igh/level 0 idterm 1 evie 2 to e held on "* Septem er "(1). 3he Second 0 eeting of SIDS National Focal Points, 2hich follo 2s the ina&g&ral meeting held in pia (Samoa) on ") 4cto er "(15, in the margins of the interregional preparator' meeting for the revie 2 of the S 0 4 path 2a', is in 6eeping 2 ith the S 0 4 Path 2a', paragraph 1"(, 2 hich mandates the 4 ffice of the . igh 1 epresentative for the 7east Developed Co&ntries, 7andloc6ed Developing Co&ntries and Small Island Developing States (, N/4 . 177S) to ens&re the mainstreaming of the S 0 4 Path 2a' and iss&es related to SIDS in the 2 or 6 of the , nited Nations (, N) s'stem and enhance the coherence of SIDS iss&es in , N processes, incl&ding at the national, regional and glo al levels, and contin&e to mo ili&e international s&pport and reso&rces to s&pport the implementation of the S 0 4 Path 2a' 'SIDS.
- 2. 3he Second 0 eeting 2as held &nder the overarching theme of 9Implementation of the S 0 4 Path 2a' in coherence 2 ith the "(:(genda for S&staina le Development and SDGs;. 3he meeting provided a platform to e<change information and share e<periences on enhancing coherence in the implementation of the S 0 4 Path 2a' and the SDGs at the national levels. Concrete o&tp&ts from the meeting incl&ded disc&ssing the preparation of a tool6it for the harmoni8ed approach for monitoring and reporting on the S 0 4 Path 2a' as a response to the critical statistical capacit' constraint in SIDS in the monitoring and revie 2 of the S 0 4 Path 2a' and "(:(agenda. 3he meeting also adopted the 3erms of 1 eference (341s) for SIDS NFPs, disc&ssed and shared e<periences on 7 ocali8ation of the S 0 4 Path 2a' and the "(:(agenda for s&staina le development and SDGs in the conte<t of ! ol&ntar' National 1 evie 2s (! N1s) and also disc&ssed preparations for the one/da' . igh/level 0 idterm 1 evie 2 of the S 0 4 Path 2a' and the . ighs

- +. 3he str&ct&re of the meeting incl&ded an opening segment and fo&r (+) main sessions? (1) Interactive Disc&ssion and -doption of the 3erms of 1eference for SIDS National Focal Points (NFPs) (") 0 onitoring the Implementation of the S 0 4 Path2a' and SDGs? 3o2ards a 3ool6it for a .armoni8ed -pproach for 0 onitoring and 1eporting on the S 0 4 Path2a' (:) 7ocali8ation of the S 0 4 Path2a' and the "(:(-genda for S&staina le Development and SDGs? 7essons from the !N1s and (+) .igh/7evel 0 id/3erm 1evie2 of the Samoa Path2a' and the .igh/7evel Political For&m on S&staina le Development (SDG S&mmit "(1)).
- #. 3he opening segment 2 as led '0 s. Isa el 0 onteiro, Permanent 0 ission of Ca o ! erde to the ,N, as the 0 aster of Ceremon' and commenced 2 ith opening remar6s from 0 s. Fe6itamoeloa Aatoa B, toi6aman&, ,nder/Secretar'/General and . igh 1 epresentative for 7DCs, 77DCs, and SIDS (,N/4 . 177S), follo 2 ed '0 r. %orge 0 oreira da Silva, Director, 4>CD Development Co/operation, ..>. 0 s. 7ois 0 ichele Co&ng, Permanent 1 epresentative of =eli8e to the ,nited Nations and Chair of the -Iliance of Small Island States (-4SIS), and 0 r. Pa&lo ! eiga, State Secretar' for 0 aritime >conom', 1 ep& lic of Ca o ! erde.
- \$. 1 emar6s from the opening segment ac6no2 ledged the significance of the SIDS NFP meeting to help contin&e chart the f&t&re and direction of the national focal points initiative to etter s&pport small island governments in implementing internationall' agreed goals and programmes of action. 3he adoption of the 3erms of reference 2 ill e an important milestone in the process of f&ll' operationali8ing the SIDS NFP net2or6. 3he SIDS national focal points meeting has the &niD&e advantage to ring to close contact and for colla oration the e<perts and instit&tions responsi le for the implementation of S 0 4 Path2a', ena ling, on the one hand, to increase coherence in the handling of SIDS iss&es in , nited Nations

sta6eholder SIDS Partnership Dialog&e, and a Partnership 1eporting 3emplate. In "(15, the o&tp&ts of the SIDS Partnership Frame2or6 incl&ded a partnership anal'sis, a regional partnership dialog&e, criteria and norms, and a partnership tool o<. In order to monitor and ens&re the f&II implementation of Partnerships for SIDS, the SIDS Glo al =&siness Net2or6 (SIDS/G=N) 2as la&nched to esta lish a ridge for closer private sector ties, et2een the three SIDS 1egions as 2ell as the 2ider &siness comm&nit'.

- 1+. 3he SIDS/G=N foc&ses on * 6e' priorit' areas for SIDS incl&ding, ocean, connectivit', s&staina le agric<&re, s&staina le to&rism, disaster ris6 red&ction, rene2a le energ' and financing. 3he SIDS/G=N consists of in/person for&ms and an online platform. 3he for&ms provide a platform for sta6eholders to share their e<periences, net2or6 and anno&nce commitments to s&pport s&staina le development in SIDS, ringing together the private, p& lic and finance sectors, and , N s'stem entities. 3he for&m is also open to &sinesses that are not engaged in SIDS &t 2or6ing in sectors 2here the can share relevant e<periences and lessons learnt for the enefit of SIDS. 3he SIDS/G=N has also esta lished an online platform, 2hich acts as a h& for the contin&it' of the engagement and disc&ssions that ta6e place at the for&ms, thro&gh 2hich one can access information at glo al, regional and national levels.
- 1#. part from la&nching ne 2 partnerships, these for&ms are also platforms for raising a 2 areness. Given that the for&ms ring together m<ilateral financial instit&tions, regional an6s and development partners from the finance sector, the for&ms are an opport&nit' for the private sector to colla orate and e<plore e<isting mechanisms that are geared to 2 ards promoting private sector investment. F&rthermore, it creates an opport&nit' for the private sector to em race climate/smart economic infrastr&ct&re to &ild SIDS resilience.
- 1\$. -s NFPs, follo 2/&p and reporting on the frame 2 or 6, s&pport in the la&nching of ne 2 partnerships, and participation at the m<i/sta6eholder dialog&es and SIDS/G=N for &ms 2 o &ld e reD&ired.
- 1*. 30 increase internal capacities, the meeting highlighted the critical role that glo al partnerships m&st pla' to achieve increased levels of f&nding and technical assistance to s&pport accelerated implementation of the S 0 4 Path2a'. It also called on strengthening So&th/So&th cooperation at all levels, incl&ding ramping &p cooperation et2een SIDS themselves as the 'lead on vario&s commitments.
- 15. 3he meeting &nderscored the importance of alignment of the reporting and implementation mechanisms on the S 0 4 Path 2a' and "(:(genda to national development frame 2 or 6s and regional reporting mechanisms to avoid d&plication of efforts and ens&re congr&ence of the processes.
- 1). 3he meeting called for s'stematic contin&it' 2ithin the SIDS NFPs net2or6 over the ne<t # 'ears and past "("+ thro&gh rene2ed long/term commitments from mem er states, political commitment to NFPs, national o2nership of the SIDS agenda, e<ploration of NFP g&idelines, delivera les and positioning at the national level, addressing roles and

responsi ilities of regional and international instit&tions, incl&ding the $\,$, N $\,$ s'stem, and effective reso&rce allocation for foc&sed implementation of the S - $\,$ 0 4 - Path 2a'.

- "(. 3his session 2as chaired ' 0 r. 7&ca 0 onge 1 offarello, , NDP. 0 s. > Isa Sarmento (4 . 177S) made a presentation, o&tlining the elements of a tool6it for a harmoni8ed approach for monitoring and reporting on the S 0 4 Path2a'. National Focal Point presentations 2 ere received from 0 s. > Iisa eth gathine (Se'chelles), 0 s. 0 a& 7eha (3onga), and 0 r. Sherdon = a&gh (%amaica). > < pert presentations Ffeed ac6 2 ere provided ' C 1 IC4 0, SPC, Paris"1 and the Common 2 ealth Secretariat. 3he session provided strategic feed ac6 on the tool6it to address d&plication and mainstreaming efforts, data capacities, national o 2 nership and acco&nta ilit'. 3he session concl&ded 2 ith final comments from 0 s. Sarmento 0.> 0 s. 7ois Co&ng, Permanent 1 epresentative of = eli8e to the , nited Nations, in her capacit' as Chair of 4 SIS 0 and 0 s. 3 ish6a Francis (4 . 177S).
- "1. 3he tool6it aims to facilitate the achievement of s&staina le development in SIDS, thro&gh accelerated implementation of the S 0 4 Path2a', and provide g&idance to national governments and relevant sta6eholders on effective and harmoni8ed monitoring and reporting on the implementation of the S 0 4 Path2a', in alignment 2 ith the monitoring and reporting frame2or6s of other international agreements incl&ding the SDGs, the Sendai Frame2or6 on Disaster 1is6 1ed&ction, the -ddis a a -ction -genda and the Paris greement.
- "". In preparing the tool6it, a participator' approach 2 as adopted, rel'ing on cons<ations, foc&sing on co&ntries6 needs and reso&rces, cond&cting a res<s/ ased management, and ens&ring data harmonisation and integration on the international, regional and national levels. 3hro&gh cond&cting a mapping e<ercise, identified gaps 2 ere ridged and indicators 2 ere compared to avoid d&plication and minimise overlap.
- ":. 3he tool6it 2o&ld consist of 1\$ dimensions? (1) s&stained and s&staina le, incl&sive and eD&ita le economic gro2th 2ith decent 2or6 for all, (") social development, (:) gender eD&alit' and 2omen6s empo2erment, (+) health and non/comm&nica le diseases, (#) s&staina le energ', (\$) s&staina le transportation, (*) 2 ater and sanitation, (5) management of chemicals and 2 aste, incl&ding ha8ardo&s 2 aste, ()) s&staina le cons&mption and prod&ction, (1() food sec&rit' and n&trition, (11) climate change, (1") iodiversit', (1:)

official statistics the lac6 of demand for data 'polic' ma6ers and th&s lac6 of interest 'NS4s to prod&ce data for polic'/ma6ing iss&es of validit' and relia ilit' of information limited s&ppl' of statisticians and relevant e<pertise in the statistical s'stem technolog' challenges and constant demand to respond to climate ind&ced and nat&ral disasters 2 hile reporting on m<iple glo al and regional commitments.

- "#. 3he meeting ac6no2ledged that the tool6it can e &sed as an integrated tool to provide a single repositor' of performance data for SIDS. 3he tool6it 2o&ld anal'se information in a m<i/dimensional 2a', aggregating sectoral and thematic information across co&ntries and regions. 3his 2o&ld allo2 for evidence on performance and enchmar6ing, additional learning and acco&nta ilit', easier access to tr&st2orth' information, and availa ilit' of the tool6it to a 2ide range of sta6eholders.
- "\$. D&ring the meeting, feed ac6 on the tool6it incl&ded?
 - a) call for a strong foc&s in developing the tool6it ased on the stat&s of national statistical s'stems to provide s&pport to &ilding statistical capacit' in SIDS and ens&re locali8ation to national development frame 2 or 6s.
 -) call for ens&ring that the tool6it is not &rdensome to &pdate, in that it is feasi le relative to the n&m er of indicators for reporting on the S 0 4 Path2a' as it co&ld impact timeliness.
 - c) call for &ser/friendliness incl&ding metadata and to ta6e into consideration those that are I3/challenged@the I3 infrastr&ct&re and s'stem sho&ld e compati le across all SIDS and sho&ld e integrated and interopera le. =&ilding in Geographic Information S'stems (GIS) capa ilities into the s'stem to generate maps at vario&s levels 2 as enco&raged.
 - d) call for ens&ring the data collection frame 2 or 6 ta 6es into consideration data D&alit', availa ilit', gran&larit', accessi ilit', and integration. It 2 as also s&ggested for indicators to e oth D&antitative and D&alitative, as 2 ell as to incl&de indicators on o&tp&t, o&tcome and impact.
 - e) call for the integration of the tool6it 2ith c&rrent processes, incl&ding those related to performance management, to avoid m<iple tool6it reporting. n integrated, cons<ative SIDS/2ide approach in developing the indicator frame 2 or 6 for reporting on the S 0 4 Path 2a' 2as also s&ggested, citing reporting fatig&e in light of challenges of a small administrations, limited reso&rces and data capacities.
 - f) call for e<amining e<isting tool6its for est practices s&ch as the , N>C 0s Integrated Planning and 1 eporting tool6it and the Common 2 ealth0s SDG tool6it.
 - g) call to get high/level political &'/in in order to ens&re that it 2 ill e &sed and maintained, and to ens&re acco&nta ilit'.
 - h) more reso&rces, capacit' &ilding incl&ding technical and financial s&pport for the implementation of the tool6it 2 ill e reD&ired.
 - i) 3here is a need to standardi8e of tool6its across the international and regional frame 2 or 6s SDGs, S 0 4 Path 2a', genda "(\$: etc.

- "*. 3he meeting called for instit&tionali8ing the reporting tool6it 2ithin SIDS governments, agencies, and NS4s to ens&re reg&lar monitoring and eval&ation and s&staina ilit' of the tool6it.
- "5. 3he meeting also called for &ilding and s&pporting the implementation of strategic approaches regionall', ta6ing note of e<isting 1 egional Coordinating 0 echanisms in s&pport of the implementation of the SIDS agendas. 3he meeting stressed the need to cons< 2 ith relevant organisations, partic&larl' in the IS region, to etter reflect the circ&mstances of all SIDS.
- "). 3he meeting f&rther called for alignment of the reporting process for SDGs, S 0 4 Path 2a', Paris greement, the Sendai Frame 2 or 6, and other international agreements to e done at the national level, in national plans and &dgets 2 here it is applica le to national priorities. F&rthermore, it called for a 2 hole/of/government approach, 2 ith effective colla orations et 2 een central agencies to ens&re that no one is left ehind.
- : (. 3he meeting noted that challenges still remain in terms of acco&nta ilit' as limited n&m ers of partnerships have reported officiall', citing that there is limited a2areness, trac6ing, f&nding, and h&man reso&rce capacit' at the national level. It 2as also noted that the &l6 of acco&nta ilit' practices c&rrentl' are e<ternal and called f

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- :+. 3his session 2as chaired '0s. na Patricia Graca, 1esident Coordinator, Ca o !erde. 0em er State6s presentations on 7essons from the !N1s 2ere received from 0r. 1a6esh =h&c6or' (0a&riti&s), 0r. =rendos6i 7imen (Na&r&), and 0s. %eanel !olne' (St. 7&cia). 1egional and international response presentations 2ere also received from >C7 C, >SC P, F 4 and ,N>SC4. 3he meeting &nderscored the importance of co&ntr'/led initiatives, effective locali8ation of the S 04 Path2a', &ilding partnerships and cohesive national strategies, capacit' &ilding, policies to address SIDS challenges, enefit of strengthening national planning s'stems and processes for improved development o&tcomes.
- :#. 3he meeting noted that the locali8ation of the "(:(genda and preparation of ! N1s reD&ire political commitment at the highest level. 3he meeting noted that the approach sho&ld e co&ntr'/led, ta6ing into acco&nt different national realities, capacities and levels of development, 2ith respect to national polic' frame2or6s and priorities. It sho&ld &ild on e<isting platforms and processes to avoid d&plication, and evolve over time, ta6ing into acco&nt emerging iss&es and the development of ne2 methodologies to minimi8e the reporting &rden on national administrations.
- :\$. 3he meeting emphasi8ed leveraging the interlin6ages across sectoral and cross/sectoral aspects and integrating implementation@ connecting plans 2ith &dgets to help prioritise allocations accordingl'@ coordinating development partner reso&rces to 2 ards national priorities@ orienting instit&tional mechanisms to facilitate implementation, noting national capacities, reg&lari8ing monitoring to s&pport polic' ma6ing and reporting@ and reporting on national plans, 2 ith glo al commitments in mind to e &sed for S 0 4 Path2a' and ! N1 reporting.
- :*. 3he meeting noted the importance of adopting a 2hole/of/government approach to preparing the !N1s, and the need to entrench alignment in SDG and S-04- Path2a' implementation. 3he need to help line ministries &nderstand their role in the process 2as emphasi8ed, ens&ring that the' recogni8e ho2 their 2or6 is alread' contri &ting to the implementation of the SDGs and the S-04- Path2a' to2ard enhanced !N1 reporting.
- :5. 3he meeting noted the importance of highlighting the need for financing SDG implementation in the conte<t of the !N1 process. Given that man' SIDS are middle income co&ntries, and not eligi le for concessionar' financing, the meeting stressed the importance of e<ploring ne2 2a's of 2 or6ing 2 ith partners and innovative methods of financing.
- :). 3he meeting affirmed the cr&cial role partnerships 2ith donor partners, regional organisations, civil societ', and the private sector pla' in ens&ring proper !N1 preparation as 2ell as progress 2ith SDG implementation in general. 3he meeting stressed the need to consolidate partnerships and strengthen targeted colla oration. 3he meeting also stressed the need to raise a 2 areness among sta6eholders aro&nd each of the 1* SDGs, and to 2 or 6 2 ith sta6eholders to mo ili8e the necessar' reso&rces in this conte<t.

+(. 3he meeting f&rther noted the importance of strengthening partnerships, incl&ding in the areas of the I&e econom', rene2a le energ' and science, technolog' and innovation. Partnerships s&ch as the SIDS 7ightho&se Initiative 2ere highlighted as important platforms

Transition finance

- +\$. Development ssistance Committee (D-C) partner co&ntries6 transition Eo&rne' from official to private reso&rces as a co&ntr'6s GNI per capita rises, has " tipping points? (1) a s& stit&tion of e<ternal 2 ith domestic reso&rces and (") a s& stit&tion of p& lic 2 ith private reso&rces.
- +*. -t an' given point of D CGs partner co&ntries transition Eo&rne', the <imate o Eective of transition finance sho&ld e to optimise access to finance for s&staina le development, ens&ring a smooth deplo'ment of financing /avoiding maEor financing gaps or socio/economic set ac6s. , nderstanding the nat&re of transition gaps is cr&cial for the D C to more effectivel' deplo' its reso&rces.
- +5. Given that domestic reso&rce mo ilisation is a 6e' component of financing s&staina le development, it sho&ld remain a primar' o Eective of 4fficial Development ssistance (4D-). S& stit&tion for social sectors occ&rs last, and despite eing a traditional area of intervention for the D-C 2ith 4D-, the disengagement of the D-C at that point is e<tremel' rapid, s&ggesting that transition finance challenges can e more ac&te and reD&ire

- #". IC3s can help overcome man' of the challenges affecting SIDS. 3here is a need for greater, relia le, afforda le, modern, and environmentall' so&nd technologies6 access for SIDS to achieve their s&staina le development o Eectives, and revie2ed progress in access to afforda le and modern digital technologies since the :rd International Conference on SIDS.
- #:. =asic IC3s, partic&larl' 2 ireless technologies, have proliferated thro&gho&t SIDS® in over half of the SIDS, more than) (I of ho&seholds have a cell phone. 0 o ile road and coverage has improved significantl', 2 ith 5#I reach in "(15. 3hro&gh p& lic/private investment, significant improvement in s& marine ca les and international connectivit' has een recorded, ho2ever improvements in satellite connectivit' still remain critical, partic&larl' for SIDS 2 here large segments of the pop&lation live far a2a' from s& marine landing stations, and for disaster resilience. F&rthermore, SIDS remain short of the 2 orld average for internet &sage. 3he meeting highlighted the correlation et2een ed&cation and internet &se improvements and called for improvements in secondar' school enrolment.
- #+. reg&lator' regime to foster private investment for deplo'ing IC3 net2or6s in a competitive environment 2hich can res< in lo2er prices and etter D&alit', and for clear government strategies for appl'ing IC3s across a spectr&m of development challenges to ens&re digital technologies have the intended impacts is reD&ired.
- ##. 3he meeting heard of SIDS performance 2ith regards to the I3, 1eg&lator' 3rac6er (a tool for meas&ring progress in IC3 reg&lation) 2hich constit&tes fo&r (+) generations of reg&lation? (1) reg&lated p& lic monopolies 2hich reD&ires a command and control approach, (") asic reform 2hich involves esta lishing partial li eralisation and privatisation across la'ers, (:) ena ling investment, innovation and access 2ith a d&al foc&s on stim&lating competition in service and content deliver', and cons&mer protection and (+) integrated reg&lation led 'economic and social polic' goals. SIDS are lagging on reg&lations, 2ith over half of SIDS in the first or second generation of reg&lation, citing a reflection of small mar6et si8es 2here competition tends to elimited compo&nded 2ith reso&rce constraints. -pproaches to overcome s&ch constraints incl&de &sing a m<i/sector or regional reg&lator and leveraging e<pertise of other government agencies.
- #\$. 3he meeting shared concrete sol&tions to accelerate progress to 2 ards achieving the SDGs incl&ding ne 2 technologies s&ch as telemedicine connecting a hospital in Canada to si< Cari ean co&ntries, online &niversit' learning in the Cari ean, rtificial Intelligence to accelerate transition to rene 2 a le energ' in Pala&, mo ile mone' for Pacific co&ntries 2 ith large diasporas, loc6chain technolog' to trace t&na s&ppl' chain to promote s&staina le ethical fishing in FiEi, and drones in ! an&at& to cond&ct rapid damage assessments.
- #*. Given the large direct and indirect economic impacts of IC3s for SIDS in significantl' increasing the GDP per capita, the meeting called for strengthening IC3s and red&cing the infrastr&ct&re and application gap thro&gh strategic reg&lation and capacit' &ilding.

-) aving the SIDS NFPs as the same person or department as the e<isting SDG focal points or esta lishing a coordination mechanism ens&ring coordinated 2 or 6 of the vario&s focal points 2 as enco&raged.
- c) call for the , N s 'stem to provide native lang&age translations of the S 0 4 Path 2a' g&idelines so as to gain a etter &nderstanding of 2 hat reso&rces are availa le and 2 hat is e<pected from mem ers states.
- d) In order to strengthen instit&tional partnerships 2 ith the , N s'stem, the meeting called for moving for 2 ard 2 ith the reform of the , N Development S'stem in the North Pacific thro&gh the esta lishment of a North Pacific 0 <i/Co&ntr' 4 ffice.

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- \$#. Concl&ding remar6s 2 ere received from 0 r. 7&ca 0 onge 1 offarello (, NDP), 0 s. na Patricia Graca (1 esident Coordinator, Ca o ! erde), ...>. %osH 7&is Fialho 1 ocha (Permanent 1 epresentative of Ca o ! erde in the , nited Nations), as 2 ell as, 0 s. Fe6itamoeloa Aatoa B, toi6aman&, , nder/Secretar' General and . igh 1 epresentative for 7DCs, 77DCs, and SIDS (, N/4 . 177S), and 0 r. %&lio 0 orais, General Director, 0 N>C, 1 ep& lic of Ca o ! erde.
- \$\$. 3he adoption of the 3erms of 1eference for the SIDS national focal points is an important milestone, &t there is more to e done? capacit' &ilding and dedicated reso&rces for NFPs, as 2ell as the need for instit&tional contin&it' of the mechanism.
- \$*. harmoni8ed approach to monitoring and reporting is necessar' to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 Path 2a' and other glo al frame 2 or 6s. 3he tool 6it for monitoring and reporting on the S 0 4 sho ld lid on 2 hat alread' e<i sts and incl light the need to red to the light to moving the process for 2 ard, and have a high/level light to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 sho ld light to a light to drive the implementation and reporting and reporting and reporting and reporting and reporting in SIDS, 2 hill ta 6 ing an integrated, coherent and coordinated approach to moving the process for 2 ard, and have a high/level light to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 sho light to a light to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 sho light to a light to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 sho light to a light to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 sho light to a light to a light to drive the implementation of the S 0 4 sho light to a light to a
- \$5. !ol&ntar' National 1evie2s (!N1s) provides an opport&nit' to enhance coordination and incl&siveness in the implementation of the SDGs and S 0 4 Path2a'. =rea6ing do2n silos and strengthening instit&tions is important and efforts to align the SDGs and the S 0 4 Path2a' sho&ld entrenched in all national s'stems of implementation.
- \$). 4 . 177\$ 2ill provide a timeline for finalisation of the tool6it and 2ill s&pport efforts to