



9 November 2015

Excellencies,

With reference to our letter dated 2 October 2015, we would like to express our deep gratitude for your support in organizing the informal meeting on 6 October launching the intergovernmental phase of the 2015 Review of the TIN

Based on our proposed timeline, the next step is for us to convene an open informal meeting to provide Member States with the opportunity to share with us their considered views on the findings of the AGE Report, and on how to translate its recommendations into a practical and meaningful outcome that strengthens the

CONCEPT NOTE

**Informal Meeting on the
2015 Review of the United Nations Peacebuilding Architecture
12 November 2015 10:00 - 19:00**

ES/SO/2015/1

system in its effort to sustain peace. The recommendations are divided into seven key areas:

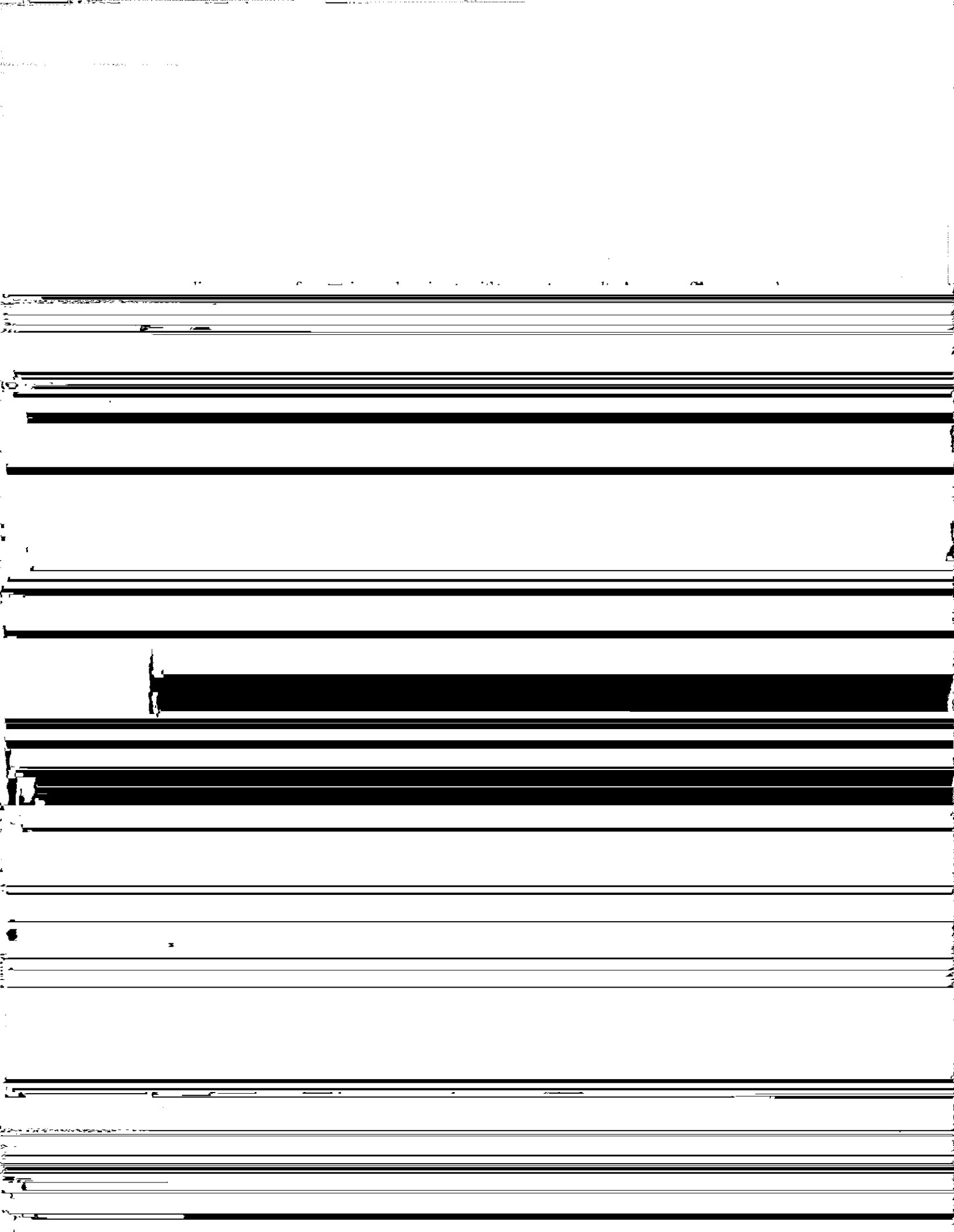
resolutions.

To assist delegations, attached is a set of the recommendations of the report (document number A/69/968 – S/2015/490).

B. Recommendations

130. The following are interconnected recommendations relating to the functioning,

membership — to which the international community would be encouraged to devote special attention and funding, not only for peace operations but also for governance, human rights and development activities. The Council and the Peacebuilding Commission should pursue



including ways in which the system can work better together. Those discussions should also be mirrored within the United Nations Development Group.

152. The Secretary-General should ensure continuity in senior leadership and personnel

peacekeeping and post-conflict recovery and reconstruction in order to minimize the

strategic planning and public information. The UNDP Department of Political Affairs Joint

Programme on Building National Capacities for Conflict Prevention, within which the deployment of peace and development advisers falls, should be fully and sustainably funded

165. The Peacebuilding Support Office, with other relevant United Nations entities, should

fiscal and macroeconomic dimensions of peacebuilding.

166. Consistent with Chapter VIII of the Charter, and to ensure credible and effective

positioned pooled fund working under terms of reference approved by the Assembly. The Fund should then leverage such funding to catalyse additional voluntary contributions.

172. A scaled-up Peacebuilding Fund should accord priority to funding activities that play to its comparative advantage as a rapid, impactful, procedurally light, risk-taking investor of first resort in efforts to sustain peace. By doing so, it will help to catalyse the support of larger players, including the international financial institutions and regional development banks, regional and subregional organizations and bilateral donors. This will demand that the

building national leadership as an integral part of a reconciliation and nation-building agenda,

possible participation by a broad array of actors, including, in particular, civil society and

women's organizations, in both design and implementation.

D. J. C. [REDACTED]

goals should also be addressed in national monitoring and reporting by all countries — both those affected by conflict and those that seek to support the building of peace.