

people; 2) economy and jobs; 3) sustaining the peace; 4) and governance and transparency. He clarified that the cost of full implementation of the PAPD would total \$6.2 billion and stressed the need for strengthened partnerships with key actors to improve coordination and resource

to the LMPTF, especially to the national window that allows funding to be directly allocated to national institutions that had been pre-qualified within the PPAD framework.

8. **Mr. Oscar Fernandez-Taranco**, Assistant Secretary-General for Peacebuilding Support, noted that financing is ultimately at the crux of supporting Liberia longer-term peacebuilding and development goals. From the twin resolutions on sustaining peace, the Secretary-Report on Peacebuilding and Sustaining Peace to the UN reforms, many parts of the UN have focused over the past five years on addressing how the UN could work together to better support Member States in conflict settings in a more coherent manner. In this context, Liberia was a litmus test. The country has nearly all elements to sustain peace an enabling environment for achievement of the SDGs, committed and inclusive national leadership, a successful transition with a strengthened RCO and strong partnerships except predictable and sustained financing. He endorsed the LMPTF as a key tool to overcome fragmentation of efforts and called on

Political and Peacebuilding Affairs (DPPA), to help align Member States and UN system contributions to the national development plan through LMPTF and to accelerate achievement of the SDGs and peacebuilding priorities such as reconciliation, dialogue, inclusion and partnerships.

9. **H.E. Mr. Dee-Maxwell Saah Kemayah, Sr.**, the Permanent Representative of Liberia to the United Nations, reiterated the important correlation between peace and sustainable development; and noted that the 2030 Agenda served as the reference point for the development of the PAPD. He emphasized the need for resource mobilization around the PAPD over the coming 5-year period and called on international partners for support. He highlighted various legislative acts in progress, such as legislation on domestic violence and the Kamara Abdullah Kamara Act of Press Freedom. He expressed the wish that Liberia will serve as an inspiration for other conflict-affected countries on what sustaining peace means in practice.
10. The **World Bank** expressed support through the UN-World Bank Country Partnership

12. Member States welcomed the briefing(s) and raised the following points: