



The World Bank calculates that by 2030, almost half the world's poor will be residing in countries affected by fragility, conflict or violence (FCV). Recognising the [links between fragility and poverty](#), the World Bank has massively scaled up its work in fragile settings since 2016 and launched its first [Strategic Compact 2016 to prevent violent conflict](#) by supporting States to tackle root causes and by remaining in the conflict cycle.

The UN-World Bank partnership has deepened in recent years, with joint engagements in nearly 50 countries affected by or working to prevent FCV. This follows 'Member States' request in the 2016 twin resolutions on sustaining peace ([A/70/262-S/RES/2282\(2016\)](#)), reaffirmed in 2020 ([A/RES/75/201-S/RES/2558\(2020\)](#)) and in the Pact for the Future.

The Peacebuilding Support Office has served as [UN system focal point on partnership with WB](#) in crisis-affected settings since 2017, under the UN-WB [Partnership Framework for Crisis-Affected Situations](#) approved by the Secretary-General in that year. Working with UN partners across the system, PBSO's role includes coordinating UN engagement to the UN-WB Steering Committee, providing expert liaison and advisory support to field teams, and supporting knowledge management. Priority contexts include peacekeeping transitions and settings where Governments are seeking support for national development and capacities and alignment of country strategies, including the [Recovery and Peacebuilding Assessments under the tripartite EU-UN-WB partnership](#) are an important tool that help coordinate wider partner support, for example in Mozambique (2021) and Haiti (2024).

Operational partnerships between the World Bank and UN Agencies help ensure International Development Association (IDA) financing reaches the most vulnerable. IDA investment in the FCV settings has more than doubled since 2018 and accounts for a growing share of the bank's overall concessional financing. From 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2023, \$8.61 billion were channeled through either direct or indirect TPI, according to the FCV Strategy MTR. PBSO is also working with other IFIs, including by developing joint workplans and collaborating in country assessments. The Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) [Framework to Support Populations in Situations of Fragility, Conflict and Criminal Violence: 2024 - 2027](#), and the Asian Development Bank (ADB), [Fragile and Conflict-Affected Situations and Small Island Developing States Approach](#) offer exciting opportunities for greater cooperation. Following the IMF's publication of its own [Strategy for Fragile and Conflict-Affected States](#) in 2022, PBSO also



Chad has navigated a political transition in the context of complex drivers of conflict as well as the challenges

