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Important Note to Evaluat on Managers

Each ToR , purpose and focus of a specif c evaluat on – there are no hard and fast blueprints, so please take the t me to adapt to your needs.

The ToR template only covers the content – managerial and operat onal aspects such as t ming, report ng lines etc. will need to be added based on context.

Evaluat on managers are asked to distribute the PBF Project Evaluat on Checklist with the selected evaluator(s), as each project evaluat on commissioned in and af er 2022 will be subject to external quality assessment to determine the credibility of all f nal evaluat ons. Evaluat on quality scores will be publicly available on <u>PBF website</u>, alongside the evaluat on report.





sectors/themat c areas that are under evaluat on]. In assessing the degree to which the project met its intended peacebuilding object ves and results, the evaluat on will provide key lessons about successful peacebuilding approaches and operat onal pract ces, as well as highlight areas where the project performed less effect vely than ant cipated. In that sense, this project evaluat on is equally about accountability as well as learning.

<u>\</u>\_\_\_\_\_\_:

Assess to what extent the PBF-funded project has made a concrete contribut on to reducing a confict factor in country X. With respect to PBF's contribut on, the evaluat on should evaluate

Assess the relevance and appropriateness of the project in terms of: 1) addressing key drivers of confict and the most relevant peacebuilding issues; 2) alignment with Nat onal Peacebuilding Policy and nat onal priorities of country X; 3) whether the project capitalized on the UN's added value in country X; and 4) the degree to which the project addressed cross-cuting issues such as confict and gender equality in country X.





provides a menu of opt ons of which specific issues that will need to be chosen for the specific purposes of the evaluat on at hand.

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RELEVANCE:

Was the project relevant in addressing confict drivers and factors for peace ident f ed in a confict analysis?

Was the project appropriate and strategic to the main peacebuilding goals and challenges in the country at the t me of the project's design? Did relevance cont nue throughout implementat on? Was the project relevant to the UN's peacebuilding mandate and the SDGs, in part cular SDG 16? Was the project relevant to the needs and priorit es of the target groups/benef ciaries? Were they consulted during design and implementat on of the project?

How relevant and responsive has the project been to supporting peacebuilding priorities in country X?

Did the project's theory of change clearly art culate assumpt ons about why the project approach is expected to produce the desired change? Was the theory of change grounded in evidence? To what extent did the project respond to peacebuilding gaps?

EFFICIENCY:





#### LOCALIZATION:

Were nat onal and local stakeholders suf ciently consulted and involved throughout the project cycle?

Did the project strengthen capacities of national and local stakeholders (national and local governments and CSOs)?

How useful did nat onal and local stakeholders perceive PBF's support?

## TIME-SENSITIVITY:

Was the project well-t med to address a confict factor or capitalize on a specific window of opportunity?

Was PBF funding used to leverage polit cal windows of opportunity for engagement?

## RISK-TOLERANCE AND INNOVATION:

If the project was characterized as "high risk", were risks adequately monitored and mit gated? How novel or innovat ve was the project approach? Can lessons be drawn to inform similar approaches elsewhere?

The evaluat on must ident fy lessons learned that would have wider applicability and relevance to other similar intervent ons in country X and in other contexts, and provide no more than 10 useful, realist c and act onable recommendat ons (including on cross-cut ng themes and M&E system), with clear ident f cat on of responsible stakeholders.

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The evaluat on will be summat ve and will employ a part cipatory approach whereby discussions with and surveys of key stakeholders provide and/or verify the substance of the f ndings. The evaluat on should be based on a mixed method approach to data collect on and analysis, employing various forms of evidence vis-à-vis each other to triangulate gathered informat on.

The methodology for data collect on may include but not necessarily be limited to:

Desk review of key documents (including progress and monitoring reports)

Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) and Focus Group Discussions (FGDs), as appropriate, with major stakeholders including PBF Secretariat, funds' recipients, of cials from key ministries and the government, representatives of civil society organizations, community and religious leaders. Evaluator(s) should ensure equal part cipation among men and women and across age groups.





Incept on Report		
Field data collect on and analysis		
Validat on Exercise		
Draf Report		
Final Report		





respect ve level of ef ort/t