



# The Open University of Israel

Professor Hagit Messer Yaron  
President, the Open University of Israel

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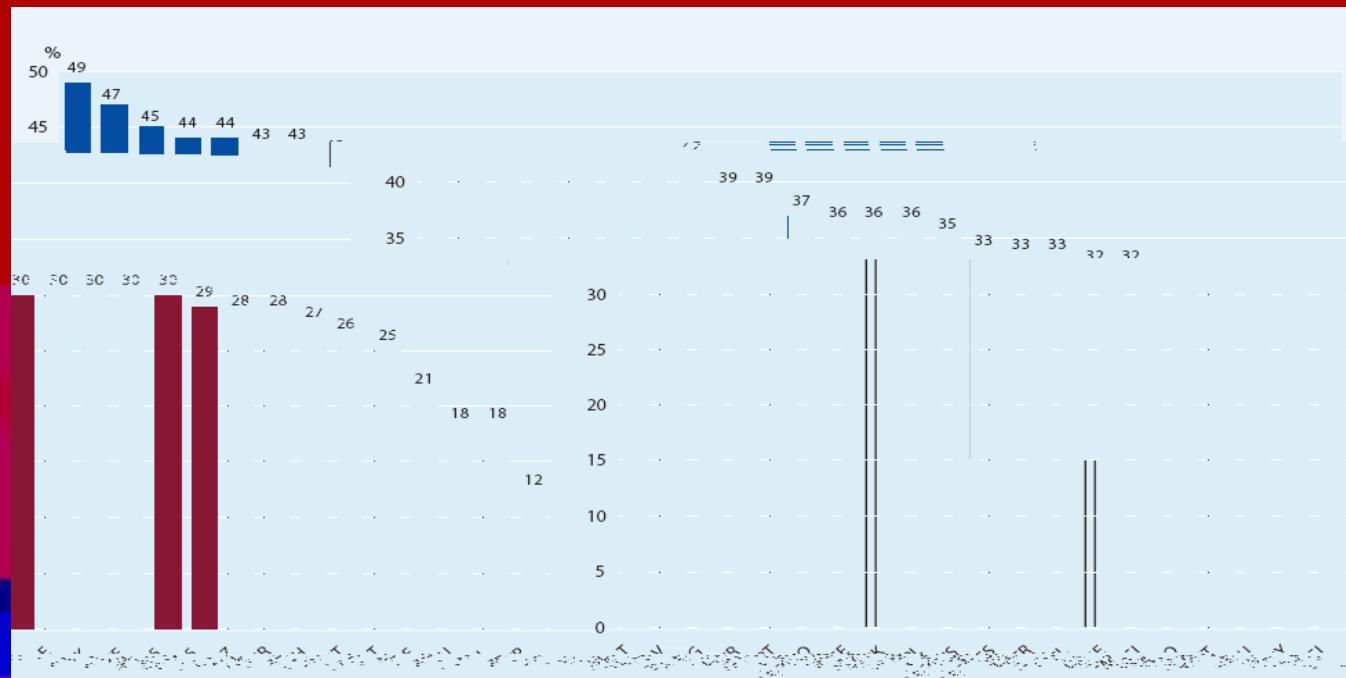


\*STEM= science, technology, engineering, and mathematics

# Observation 1:

- Women are under represented in research, and in particular in science and technology employment:

*The share*

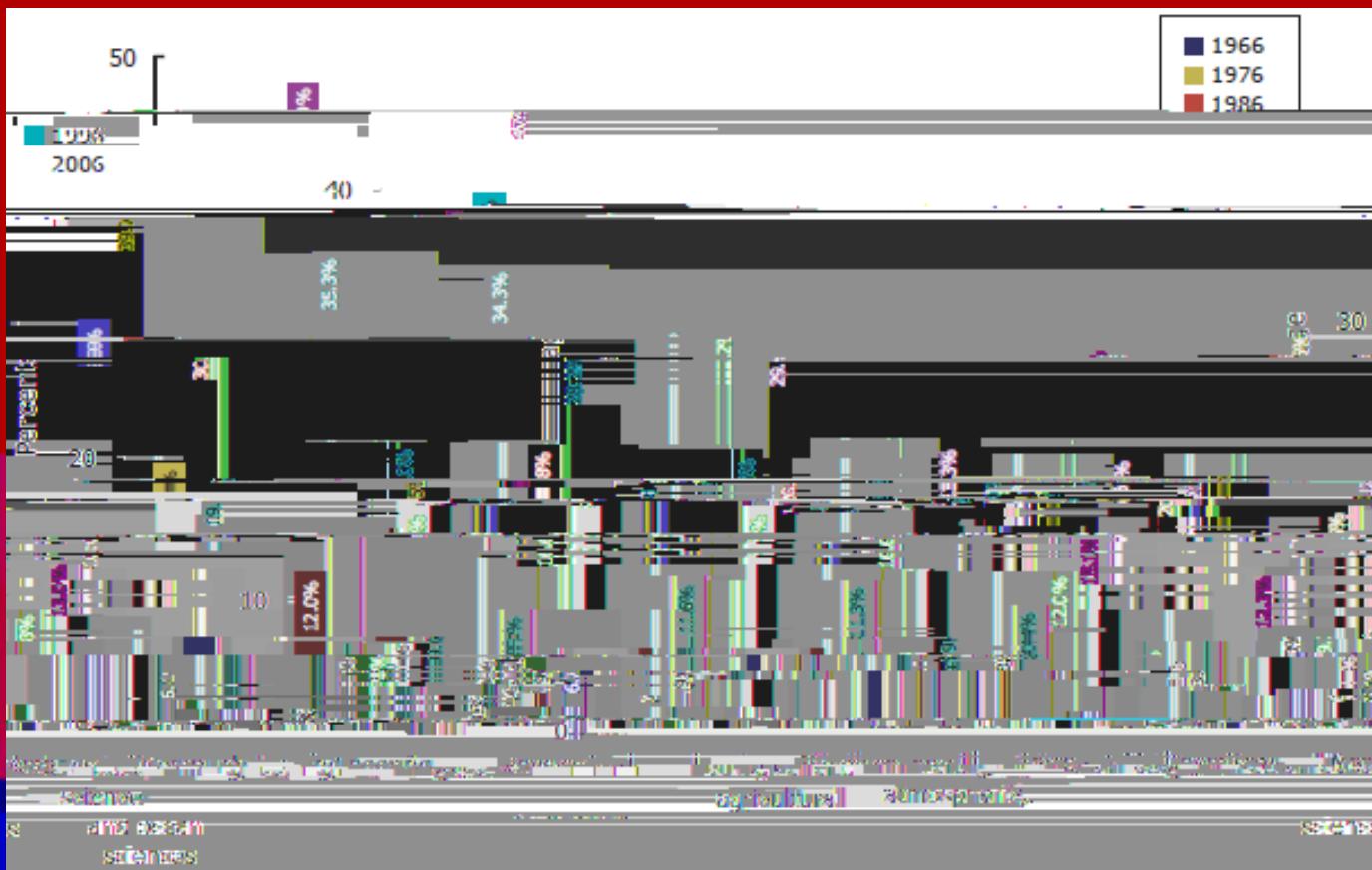


# Observation 2:

- The share of women in research fields is unequally distributed, with fewer women in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) and

# Observation 3:

- The share of women in STEM has increased over time, but converges to a rate smaller than their share in the population



# Observation 4:

- The glass ceiling for women researchers is indicated by the scissors diagram:

Figure 3.1: Proportions

2002/2000



# Observation 5:

- A scissors diagram exists also in fields where women are under represented, e.g. in STEM:

# Women in EE

- IEEE: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
- Total of 397,001 members in 2009



TABLE 4 - IEEE WOMEN MEMBERS BY GRADE\* - 3 YEAR COMPARISON, 2007-2009

	2007 NUMBER REPORTED	2008 NUMBER REPORTED	2009 NUMBER REPORTED
HONORARY	1	1	1
FELLOW	187	167	145
SENIOR MEMBER	1,587	1,469	1,372
MEMBER	16,190	15,557	15,183
ASSOCIATE MEMBER	12,143	11,691	11,241
STUDENT MEMBER	37,877	34,796	32,397
TOTAL			

- % women:      9.54%      9.10%      8.61%

# So, where do we stand?

- While women's participation in science and technology employment is still not sufficient, the trends show great improvement over the years, and in many countries and fields women reached the 50% level in Ph.D. graduates.
- There is a glass ceiling.
- The main problem within STEM is in engineering, where women are still absent.
- Where are we going?

# Why so few women in engineering and what

# 1. The retention of women scientists and engineers will increase

- “Women tend to express a preference for professions

# A closer look at women in Engineering: students in TAU (2011)

Women %	# of students	Degree
11% 11	EE/ECE/AF/CS/MECH/Physics	B.Sc.
20% 20	Mechanical Eng.	B.Sc.
25% 25	Bio-med Eng. and B.Sc.	B.Sc.
30.5% 30.5	Industrial Eng. & Management	B.Sc. B.Sc.
30.5% 30.5	Computer Eng.	B.Sc. B.Sc.

It is happening!

## 2. The recognition of women scientists and engineers will improve

- More and more business leaders realize that gender diversity yields a competitive advantage



- CEOs acknowledge: having more women in key industrial positions is beneficial to companies.



