Commission on the Status of Women

equality advocates, demonstrating accountab

(AWID) points to a number of positie changes, as well new and spistent challeges, including that for many women's organizations with lattievely small budgets and limited access to international funders, available funding reinsalimited and at times inaccessible.

Increasing financing for gender equality is essential for delivering results for women and girls. Despite the positive trends that have been chointered some countries with sector ministries allocating a share of their budgets towards estain gender equality priorities in their respective sectors, increases in budgets ciforned women's machineries and other efforts, inequalities persist and demonstrate that currently of financing for gender equality remain inadequate. To achieve equitable and sustainchelelopment results, arother response to the issue of financing for gender equality is nealedles mentioned in the outcome document of the 2010 Millennium Summit, "investment in gender eliquan all sectors and at central and local government levels is necessalory accelerating progress towarthe Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)." This and the other issues outline over should be the focus of the review by the Commission on the Status Women, and thus enhance accountability of stakeholders for action taken to implement previous commitments.

IV. Format of the interactive dialogue

This year for the first time, two panels will borganized to allow for a thorough review of progress in implementing the 2008 execut conclusions. Each panel will be held from 10am to 1 pand the second panel from 3pm to 6pm.

Each panel will begin with presentations of food five case studies (of not more than 10 minutes each) demonstrating progress in implementation the agreed conclusions. Member States, entities of the United Nations system and non-governtal organizations will participate in the ensuing dialogue, and are encouraged to stherie experiences in implementing the agreed conclusions, highlighting achievments, gaps and challengess, well as good practices and lessons learned. Interventions from those flwill be limited to three minutes.

This panel will conclude with comments and servations by a discussant who will offer a critical analysis of stakeholders rogress; reflections on the end for greater policy coherence; and presentation of policy options for accentering the implementation of the 2008 agreed conclusions.

Panel 2

- 2. What has been the impact of some of threse sures in terms of improving women's access to services at sext and local level?
- 3. Have national machineries for gender equality advocates acquired a stronger role in decision making around finiting? What measurable impact has their strengthened paictipation had?
- 4. What are some good practices and lessons deain tracking financing for gender equality both by governments and by multilateral organizations?
- 5. What are the remaining gaps and key classes constraining efforts towards enhancing financing for gender equality?
- 6. What measures have been implemented/accelende to ensure great coherence between macroeconomic policies (debt, aid, trade, larband fiscal policies) with poverty reduction strategies and gendequality commitments?
- 7. What effective policy options for enhancing fimaling for gender equallic could be promoted in a context of multiple crises?