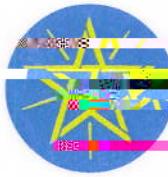


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PERMANENT MISSION OF THE FEDERAL  
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF ETHIOPIA  
TO THE UNITED NATIONS

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**Statement by**

**Ambassador Tekeda Alemu**

**Permanent Representative of the Federal Democratic**

**Republic of Ethiopia**

**On Agenda Item 2a, "Promotion of women...**

**At**

**The 66th Session of the United Nations General**

**Assembly Third Committee**

**New York,  
October 2011.**

**Check against Delivery.**

**Mr. Chairman,**

Since this is the first time my delegation takes the floor, I would like to congratulate you and the other members of the bureau on your election to lead the work of this Committee. Let me assure you Ethiopia's full and active cooperation with, and support for, the works of this Committee. My delegation would like to associate itself with the statement made by Kenya on behalf of the African group today. As such, we express our profound appreciation to the Secretary-General for the reports before us.

I would like also to use this opportunity to express my delegation's appreciation to the Chairperson of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women for the constructive dialogue we have had with the distinguished members of the Committee during the presentation of Ethiopia's initial and second combined periodic report at the 49<sup>th</sup> session of the Committee and I wish to affirm Ethiopia's commitment to implement the recommendation of the Committee.

**Mr. Chairman,**

The Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action especially points out the importance of improving the situation of rural women through equal access to productive resources, especially land.

capital and working conditions, there is still much to be done to develop successful strategies to empower women living in rural areas.

Despite some progress in the empowerment of women and gender equality since the adoption of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action, women in rural areas in developing countries continue to live in dire situations. Poverty, malnutrition and food insecurity resulting from inadequate income, lack of education and gender inequality continue to be predominant phenomena in rural areas in many developing countries. Women have greater responsibility for carrying the full burden of agriculture production, often without having legal protection or rights to property ownership. Persistent gender disparities in access to and control over resources, including technology, agricultural extension services and credit exclude women's participation from higher-value added activities. Finally, access to basic health services and prenatal care remains very limited in relation to women in rural areas.

It is our conviction that due to the critical role of women in poverty reduction, food security and sustainable development, no doubt, there is an urgent need to double their effort to improve the situation for rural women through expanding their access to local services, employment opportunities, land rights and technologies. In this regard, international cooperation in terms of financial support will be vital to the development of rural areas and the industrial sector.

**Mr. Chairman,**

It cannot be overemphasized that violence against women which has been a deep-rooted problem in different parts of the world.

This egregious phenomenon becomes even more complicated

with respect to women migrant workers who are particularly

vulnerable to physical, sexual and domestic violence by their

employers. Women migrant workers with an irregular

immigration status are particularly vulnerable to economic

abuse and exploitation and they have limited access to justice.

It is our strong view that the international community should

step in to address the endemic suffering and human rights

violation of women migrant workers. There is also a need to

intensify efforts both at national, regional and international

level to formulate and implement laws, policies and strategies

to eliminate violence against women migrant workers.

**Mr. Chairman,**

In Ethiopia, agriculture remains the mainstay of the economy and

and about 80 percent of the population are rural women.

Women depend on agriculture for their livelihood. Due to this reason,

Ethiopia attaches great importance to the situation of women

in rural areas and all the development challenges are

therefore centered around them. In line with the land administration law of both the

federal and regional states, initiatives have been taken to

register the names of both spouses for land ownership

certificates in order to guarantee the rights of women to own

and administer resources. Under the Food Security Programme, more attention has been given to women, particularly to female-headed households. Special encouragement is being given to women to engage in micro and small-scale enterprises, terms of reducing the burden of house-hold work of women. In the National Energy Development Programme, has taken effective steps in introducing appropriate techniques like energy saving stove, etc. which help women to reduce the household burden.

Ethiopia is also engaged in a range of efforts to improve access to and raise the quality of family planning services. The health policy and health sector development program emphasizes universal access to essential health services, to ensure the poor and the vulnerable in rural communities. Several measures, including awareness-creation efforts, have also been taken to reduce maternal mortality and improve access to health services through health extension program. Though we have made some positive gains on this front, we have to go a long way to reach the motto of "No Mother Shall Die while giving life". Similarly, efforts have been made to increase the enrolment and retention of girls in school in all levels of education and training. As a result, the Gendec Party index has showed significant progress both at the primary, secondary and tertiary educational levels. The course

we are grateful to all those development partners who have contributed to whatever success we have made in this area.

In conclusion, Mr. Chairperson, I would like to reiterate Ethiopia's firm commitment to gender equality and empowerment of women. I wish to reaffirm our commitment to the full and effective implementation of Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action and to the outcome of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

I thank you.